

LITTLEMORE ASYLUM.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT

FOR

1862.

WITH

STATISTICAL TABLES.





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COMMITTEE OF VISITORS FOR 1863.

HUGH HAMERSLEY Esquire, *Chairman.*

The Right Honorable JOSEPH WARNER
HENLEY M.P.

SIR HENRY WILLIAM DASHWOOD Baronet

ROBERT BULLOCK MARSHAM Esq. D.C.L.

The Reverend PHILIP WYNTER D.D.

JOHN LOVEDAY Esquire

JOHN HENRY ASHHURST Esquire

The Reverend RICHARD PRETYMAN

JOSEPH JOHN HENLEY Esquire

ARTHUR HENRY CLERKE BROWN Esquire

GUY THOMSON Esquire

Captain JOHN AUGUSTUS FANE

GEORGE GAMMIE Esquire

HOLFORD COTTON RISLEY Esquire

Justices
of
Oxfordshire.

THOMAS DRAPER Esquire

HENRY COWPER Esquire

Justices of
the Borough
of Banbury,
(part of
Oxfordshire.)

George

GEORGE CHARLES CHERRY Esquire, *Vice-Chairman,*

The Honble. PHILIP PLEYDELL BOUVERIE
M.P.

Lt. Colonel ROBERT LOYD LINDSAY

THOMAS LEINSTER GOODLAKE Esquire

JOHN SAMUEL BOWLES Esquire

JOHN BASIL BARRETT Esquire

THOMAS BROS Esquire

RICHARD TULL Esquire

EDWARD HENRY MORLAND Esquire

WILLIAM GEORGE MOUNT Esquire

GEORGE BARKER Esquire

DANIEL BENNETT Esquire

Justices
of
Berkshire.

ROBERT BLUNT Esquire

WILLIAM HANSON Esquire

Justices of
the Borough
of Windsor
(part of
Berkshire.)

WILLIAM THOMPSON Esquire

WILLIAM THORP Esquire

RICHARD JAMES SPIERS Esquire

JOHN TOWLE Esquire

Justices of
the City
of Oxford.

RICHARD BADCOCK Esquire

JOHN HYDE Junior Esquire

WILLIAM STACY Esquire

} Justices of
the Borough
of Abingdon.

JOHN OKEY TAYLOR Esquire

ROBERT HEWETT Esquire

WILLIAM SILVER DARTER Esquire

and

ALEXANDER THWAITES Esquire

} Justices of
the Borough
of Reading.

OFFICERS.

*Mr. WILLIAM LEY, Surgeon, *Superintendent.*

*The Rev. EDWIN WILLIAM RELHAN
PULLING *Chaplain.*

HENRY WENTWORTH ACLAND M.D.,
Consulting Physician.

Mr. JAMES TORRY HESTER, *Consulting Surgeon.*

*Mr. RICHARD HENRY HEURTLEY SANKEY,
Clinical Assistant.

Mr. GORDEN DAYMAN, Oxford, *Treasurer.*

Mr. BROMLEY CHALLONER, Abingdon, *Auditor.*

Mr. JOHN MARRIOTT DAVENPORT, Oxford,
Clerk of the Visitors.

Mr. JOSEPH JOHN ANDREWS, *House Steward
and Clerk of the Asylum.*

*MRS. ROBERTS, *Housekeeper.*

* The Officers thus marked are resident.

LITTLEMORE ASYLUM

[comprising an Union of the Counties of Oxford and Berks, the City of Oxford, and the Boroughs of Abingdon and Reading for the maintenance of their Pauper Lunatics.]

At the first meeting of the Committee of Visitors of the PAUPER LUNATIC ASYLUM at LITTLEMORE appointed for the Year 1863 held at the Asylum (pursuant to due notice) on Wednesday the 28th day of January 1863 (being within one Calendar month after the election of the present Committee,)

P R E S E N T

HUGH HAMERSLEY Esquire *Chairman*

ROBERT BULLOCK MARSHAM Esquire D.C.L.

THE REVEREND RICHARD PRETYMAN

JOHN LOVEDAY Esquire

GUY THOMSON Esquire

CAPTAIN JOHN AUGUSTUS FANE

HOLFORD COTTON RISLEY Esquire

Justices of Oxfordshire ;

WILLIAM

WILLIAM GEORGE MOUNT Esquire
 THOMAS LEINSTER GOODLAKE Esquire
 RICHARD TULL Esquire
 and
 DANIEL BENNETT Esquire

Justices of Berkshire ;

The Mayor of Oxford, (WILLIAM THOMPSON
 Esquire)

WILLIAM THORP Esquire
 RICHARD JAMES SPIERS Esquire
 and

JOHN TOWLE Esquire

Justices of the City of Oxford ;

JOHN HYDE Junior Esquire
 and

WILLIAM STACY Esquire

Justices of the Borough of Abingdon ;

and

The Mayor of Reading, (JOHN OKEY TAYLOR
 Esquire)

and

WILLIAM SILVER DARTER Esquire

Justices of the Borough of Reading.

Resolved that the following

REPORT*

of the SUPERINTENDENT be printed and circulated.

TO THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

GENTLEMEN,

The summary of Patients for the year 1862 shews a Total of 675 who were chargeable to the Counties of Oxford and Berks, or to the City and Boroughs in Union.

The admissions during the year were 73 Males, and 77 Females; a total number of 150 persons, which has been exceeded in two former years only since the opening of the Asylum in 1846.

* RULE 25—[of the General Rules of the Asylum.] The Superintendent shall submit to the Committee of Visitors, at their first meeting after the Oxfordshire Epiphany Quarter Sessions annually, a Report in writing, of the general condition of the Asylum, and the number and character of the Patients; distinguishing the numbers who have been received and discharged as cured; the number of re-admissions; the number employed, and in what manner; the deaths which have occurred in the preceding year, and also the total number of discharges, cures, and deaths since the opening of the Institution, and specifying the sexes in each statement; with such other facts as the Superintendent may think desirable, or which the Visitors may have suggested.

Of the re-admissions of Patients, 6 had been absent from the Asylum less than a year ; 11 for longer periods ; 12 had been discharged at some time from other Asylums ; and 8 were removed to this, from other County Asylums ; numbers which are severally less than they were in 1861.

Sixty Patients have been discharged during the year recovered, being an increase on the number similarly discharged last year.

The deaths have been 65 ; being at the rate of $9\frac{3}{4}$ per cent on the whole number chargeable ; being less in number and proportion than in 1861.

Amongst the deaths and accidents, in 1862, I may refer to the following : H. H. C. an Epileptic Idiot, who had been long failing, died from natural causes. In his attacks of Epilepsy he broke his thigh, and subsequently complicated the injury. A. T. a violently maniacal Patient, who, while taking his airing, attempted to get over a Railing, fell, and fractured three ribs. The cases of both

these Patients, as sent to the Commissioners in Lunacy, will be appended to this Report. These Patients were both, after their accidents visited by their friends, who were made fully acquainted with the circumstances. L. C., while walking restlessly in her ward, was pushed violently by another Patient, she fell on the floor, and sustained a fracture of the thigh at the hip. She was nearly 70 years of age, although her restlessness has interfered with her treatment, she will probably be able to walk about.

On the first day of the year 1862, there were 495 Patients in the Asylum; which number increased during the year, to 510; the average number of the whole year was 490. On the last day of the year the numbers were 213 Males and 270 Females; (Total 483.) of these 24 Male and 7 Female Patients were under contract at the BUCKINGHAMSHIRE ASYLUM at STONE; and 6 Males and 24 Females, at BEHTNAL HOUSE, LONDON.

The increase in the total number chargeable was 19, being 10 Female and 9 Male Patients.

I visited both the ASYLUM at STONE and the Licensed House at BETHNAL GREEN, and saw all the Patients in them who were chargeable to the LITTLEMORE ASYLUM, and I was satisfied with the condition in which I found the Patients, with their health, and with the comforts afforded them.

To find suitable accommodation for the continually increasing number of Lunatic Patients, has been one of the prevailing anxieties of the year ; and has not been confined to the limits of our Counties. The unanticipated number of Lunatics brought to the County Asylums has been a great difficulty to contend with. The Act of Parliament passed in 1845 contemplated the building of separate Asylums to which Chronic Lunatics might be removed, but I am not aware of any such County Chronic Asylums having been provided. The Plan and economy of such separate Buildings has not been satisfactorily demonstrated. Possibly it will be found that the design of the additional ASYLUM to be built for the County

of SURREY has advantages, and may be worth the study of the Visitors of the LITTLEMORE ASYLUM.

The Act passed in the last Session of Parliament gives a greater latitude to the provisions of the Act of 1845. It has yet to be proved to what extent that expansion of principle can be made available for the relief of the LITTLEMORE ASYLUM, a very limited power is given to the Visitors of making arrangements with the Guardians of any Poor Law Union for the reception and care of Chronic Lunatics. The concurrent powers given to the Commissioners in Lunacy is rather more than co-extensive. The possible arrangement would need to be carried out under a variety of authority ; and it does not appear to me that the power conferred can be more satisfactorily exercised than the power which the Visitors previously had, and from time to time used. The Visitors had the power to discharge a harmless Patient to the care of his friends, or absolutely to discharge if they saw fit. The exercise of the power now given, is subject to the Guardians satisfying the

Poor Law Board and the Commissioners in Lunacy, that the Union House can fitly receive Lunatics.

The Visitors have never shewn a disposition to retain Patients in the Asylum who could be satisfactorily taken care of by their friends ; or under other responsible persons in their own neighbourhoods, provided that the charge which they have undertaken as Visitors is duly regarded.

Before transferring any Patients to a Workhouse, the questions to be determined will be as to the fitness of the House for the reception and care of Lunatic Patients whose condition has been confirmed by the length of time they may have been insane ; of the selection of such Patients to be made by the Superintendent ; of the ability of the Medical Officer of the Union to certify, after fourteen days detention, that the Patient is a proper person to be kept in the Workhouse, and that the House affords proper accommodation ; and as to the satisfaction of the Visiting Commissioners. Now the Superintendent of an Asylum has no knowledge

or responsibility as regards the fitness of a Workhouse to receive Lunatics until it is approved by the constituted authorities for the care of Chronic Lunatics. He can have no knowledge as to the disposition of the Guardians of any particular Union to have their Lunatics transferred from the County Asylum to the Workhouse of another Union. He knows the habits and conduct of the Patient under his care ; and, under the rule of Asylum management, he does not know what effect the proposed change may have on many tranquil Patients. He sees however, from time to time, that Patients who have been apparently fit to return home, have been unable to bear the prospect of their discharge ; and he would feel that the sending of tranquil Patients to a Workhouse Asylum and having them returned to the County Asylum would be very unsatisfactory, and not economical.

That many Chronic Lunatics are Patients in the LITTLEMORE ASYLUM, may be explained as a fact, and is unquestionable. Patients are received here from 23 Poor Law Unions. And

2153 Patients have been so received ; of these 543 were still under charge of the Visitors at the close of the year 1862.

In the first 14 years from the opening of the Asylum (including 1846 and 1849) the number of Patients admitted was 1710. Of these on the 1st of January 1862, 368 were Chronic Lunatics still under charge, five of whom were discharged, and 24 died (being at the rate of $6\frac{1}{2}$ per cent in the year). Out of 293 Patients received in 1860 and 1861, 116 had, (at the end of the year 1862,) been discharged ; 76 had died, (being $8\frac{1}{2}$ per cent per annum ;) and 101 remained in the House.

The year 1862 is complete as regards the number of Patients admitted into the Asylum ; but the result of recovery or mortality among them would be unsatisfactory, as there were as many admitted in the latter months of the year as at its beginning. More time is requisite for the course of the disease to be developed. The 145 Patients who were admitted in 1860, were reduced in number to 51 still under charge in January 1862, being mostly Chronic Lunatics.

In that year 3 were discharged and 9 died ; reducing the number to 39 in 3 years. Of the 9 who died, 7 were Epileptic or Paralytic. In 1861, the number of Patients admitted was 148 ; of whom 21 were discharged, and 21 died, leaving 106 ; and of these in 1862, 30 were discharged, and 14 died ; leaving 62.

Disease having done its work, but the Chronic Lunatic surviving, the Patient remains under the care of the Visitors.

1st.—This class is composed of the IDIOT, whose mental development was arrested in the early periods of Life ; but who is likely to be in fairly good bodily health.

2nd.—The LUNATIC who has survived in body when the mind has been subverted ; or is reduced to a slow but steady course of deterioration ; while the *vis vitæ* remains an astonishing problem.

And 3rdly.—The EPILEPTIC and PARALYTIC or others in whom the bodily disease is still a prominent feature. Chronicity,—the lapse of time, discloses slowness of mind, and want of the

power of control ; but an inactive state of bodily disease is usually persistent with it, and Epilepsy and Paralysis are very commonly present in the latter stages of Chronic Insanity. The nurse often reflects that the disease would have been more merciful, if less sparing to those whom it has attacked.

The duty of Life acknowledges the need of persistent charity. When therefore, it is proposed to adapt WORKHOUSES for the reception of such cases, it is also remembered that those Institutions decline to accept the character of Charities. The Asylum is in a great degree an ultimate substitute. Many Patients, received into the Asylum to be nursed, and to die, might have been as well treated and cared for in any sufficiently provided Infirmary. The WORKHOUSES, on the other hand are not provided for the care of such cases, with the concurrent wholesomeness of the House for other Inmates. The question of the economy of each Workhouse providing itself with a suitable Infirmary, is the question proposed to other Authorities. An Infirmary however so sufficient, ought to be

fitted for the constant use of a larger number of persons than could be sent from the County Asylum ; and would be a great Charity in every District. The number of Patients who could be sent from the Asylum to each Union Workhouse, within its ambit, must be very small. Chronicity does not involve freedom from relapse, violence, maniacal language, noisiness at night, or any other quality for which Patients are sent to the Asylum.

Also the removal of Chronic Lunatics to a Workhouse, involves expense : whilst the relief afforded to the Asylum would be doubtful, both as regards economy and accommodation. The removal of tranquil Patients from the Associated Dormitories would diminish the crowding of Beds which now exists ; because the tranquillity of the Patients makes it convenient that they should be so occupied ; but the crowding which is now objectionable, would be most vicious by the substitution of noisy, violent, or unmanageable patients, for the obedient and tranquil persons who had been removed ; and a largely increased number of Night Attendants would become necessary.

It is not for me to prejudge what may be hereafter contemplated. The perfecting of any arrangement will be a great difficulty. For the present the liability to have a continued pressure for accommodation in the Asylum is the urgent consideration.

The occupation of the Patients in the LITTLEMORE ASYLUM has been, as heretofore, mostly domestic or in the Garden. And, with reference to the latter, I may remind the Visitors that the number of acres under Garden cultivation was greater in 1862 than in former years: whilst the occupation of Patients was more directly profitable.

The usual Annual Account of the CLERK of the ASYLUM accompanies this Report.

I have the honor to be,

Gentlemen,

Yours' most respectfully and obediently

WILLIAM LEY

Superintendent.

APPENDIX.

H. H. C. July 3rd 1862.—Has been long failing and needed to be carried from the Paralytic Infirmary to his bed in the Epileptic Dormitory and back, night and morning for many months, being so weak that he cannot stand. As the Paralytic Infirmary is under the care of Women Nurses, he has been carried to and fro by a helping Male Patient. On the first instant, while sitting in an arm chair at table he had a fit, and again another on the night of the 2nd and 3rd. He seldom passes 24 hours without having one or more fits. On the first instant the Boy was attended to by the Nurse (Mrs. Edginton) while in the fit, who describes that he was sitting at the ward table, and perceiving him in a fit attended to and held him during the fit, she did not notice anything particular while she was holding him. When W.M. the helping Patient placed him in his bed last night, he called the attention of the attendants who were assisting the Epileptic patients in undressing, to H. H. C's. condition, saying "He was very bad," The attendants noticed a slight discoloration or bruise on the inside of the thigh, which did not call for further attention. This morning the left thigh was very much discoloured, swelled and shortened, the shirt was stained with fresh blood. The Head Attendant was called, who forthwith reported to the Medical

Officers that he believed the lad to have a broken thigh. On examination it appeared that the left Femur was fractured, that there was much extravasation of blood, producing dark discoloration, the bone had protruded through the skin, but was not at that time visible.

The peculiar fracture suggests that the blow was to the knee, when the thigh bone was drawn up on the occurrence of the fit on the first instant. And from the position in which the Boy was sitting at the table, at the time of the fit, it appears probable, that the knee being drawn up would come with violence against the table : There is no direct evidence that the blow did occur in the manner described, beyond peculiarity of fracture and position of the Boy at the time of the fit : The lad did not appear on the morning of the third to be more or less sensible than usual, he appeared to feel little, and to fear nothing. He showed no apprehension at the approach of persons about him : He would at one time have shown resentment to any one who offended him, and habitually enforced attention to himself by kicking and biting. He has been characterized as mischievous. He has latterly had very little power except to hold with his teeth. He did not now make any effort to show consciousness of injury, or desire to resent. He might not have totally recovered from the unconsciousness produced

by the fit. Excepting that he was reported to have had a fit on the 1st instant, and the morning of this day the 3rd, there is no evidence of how the injury to the thigh could have occurred. In the day time he has been in the Paralytic Infirmary, under the care of Female nurses, he has been carried to his bed at night, by the patient, and commonly undressed by him. In the night he might have had fits of which the Night Attendants, being on a variety of duties, were not cognisant, they had attended to him in a fit this morning, had attended to his position on the pillow, had put his bed covering in order, and had gone off duty without observing anything amiss. The day attendants had found him very dirty, as had been his usual condition in the morning ; and disfigured as described. The Patients near him in the Dormitory were Epileptics and Idiots, quite unable to give evidence, and are supposed to be harmless.

The absence of all evidence of the mode of the injury being incurred induces me to consider, that the long failing of strength, indicates a weakened condition of frame, violent convulsions of Epilepsy, to which he is liable, being capable of producing and often causing fractures in strong men : such evidence as is afforded induces me to believe, that the bone might have been, and probably was, broken by the action of the Epileptic

fit, while in the chair on the first instant. And certainly that the laceration of the limb was by the broken bone, of which necessarily, the one portion was convulsed, while the leg was incapable of partaking of that action, in the fit which occurred in the night of the 2nd and 3rd.

He died on the 22nd. exhausted by the combined effects, of prolonged General Paralysis and Epilepsy ; of the Febrile condition following the accident ; and of deep and extensive sloughing of the buttocks produced by three weeks confinement in bed.

A. T. From the date of admission April 12th 1862 has been Maniacal and Paralytic, on the 20th of July while rambling in the airing court he scrambled over a railing about 6ft. high, when on the top of the rail he appeared to fall, was up immediately and had nearly re-crossed the railing when he was assisted by the attendants. This was 11 a.m. he declared himself unhurt, thumped his chest to show that he was not injured, rambled more wildly than before, took his meals as usual, ravenously, and was reported as bruised by the fall.

21st. The extent of bruise over the right shoulder and thorax more manifest, and on careful examination it appeared that he had broken the 3rd and 5th ribs on the right side, he denied feeling anything amiss and

thumped the spot at which crepitation was felt and heard, to prove that he had no pain or uneasiness of feeling. The chest was bandaged, but he refused care and was restlessly active as usual.

On the fourth day after the injury, he was so much weakened that he helplessly resigned himself to being kept in bed, and from that time it became apparent that he could not recover the effects of his previous illness and recent injury. He became rapidly and entirely unconscious and died at 11 p.m. August 4th 1862. On examination post mortem it appeared that he had had severe Pleurisy and accompanying Inflammation of the Lungs at a somewhat distant period; and it is probable that it was consequent on that state of disease that he was brought to the Asylum; and that the attack had been about 12 months previously. As the result of the blow or bruise which he received fourteen days before his death, it appeared that the Sternum was partially broken, and the 3rd and 5th Ribs on the right side and the 4th on the left side were broken. That pus had formed at the points of Fracture, denuding the ends of the bones: There was no attempt at reparation, there was little recently produced Inflammation of the Lung. The other appearances recorded were such as are often found in the Patients who have died after a lengthened period of general Paralysis.

*Summary, for the year 1862, of Patients chargeable to the
Counties of Oxford and Berks or to the City and
Boroughs in Union.*

	M.	F.	T.
Remained in the Littlemore Asylum, Dec. 31, 1861	215	279	494
Was absent on Trial		1	1
Were in the Asylum for the County of Buckingham at Stone	18	12	30
Received into the Littlemore Asylum in the year 1861	73	77	150
Total	306	369	675
Discharged on Recovery	21	39	60
Reileved	3		3
Not Relieved		1	1
Removed to Counties in which chargeable.....	1	1	2
Died	38	27	65
Decrease...	63	68	131
Remain, December 31, 1862	243	301	544
Are in the Littlemore Asylum	213	269	482
Stone Asylum	24	7	31
Bethnal House Asylum	6	24	30
Absent on Trial		1	1
Re-admissions :			
Within 12 months of discharge	2	4	6
After longer periods	4	7	11
Admissions by removal from other County Asylums	5	3	8
After discharge from other Asylums	5	7	12
By order of the Secretary of State	1		1
Increase in the total number of Patients in 1862. ..	10	9	19
Were removed to other Asylums within the year...	13	22	35
The highest number of Male Patients at Littlemore on any day in 1862.....	225		
Of Female Patients.....		291	
Total of Male and Female Patients			516
The lowest numer of Male Patients	210		
Of Female Patients		264	
Total of Male and Female Patients			476
A days average for the whole year.....	215	275	490

[illegible]

Name.	Age.	Duration of Insanity.		Cause of Death.
		Prior to Admission.	Subsequent to Admission.	
E. R.	33	2 months.	6½ months.	General Paralysis.
M. A.	68	5 years.	12½ years.	Erysipelas of the Head and Face.
M. C.	50	3 weeks.	13 days.	Fever. Arterial congestion of the Brain. Congestion of the Lungs.
A. H.	52	1 week.	1½ years.	Dropsy. Hypertrophy of the Heart. Fluid in Pericardial sac. Brain congested.
S. B.	69	4 years.	14 years.	Gradual Decay.
E. M. P.	30	6 months.	1 year.	Phthisis. Tubercular consolidation with Vomicae of the Lungs.
A. K.	40	6 months.	2 years.	General Paralysis. Fluid beneath Cerebral membranes and in the Ventricles.
M. A. J.	34	6 months.	8 years.	Phthisis.
R. A.	77	6 months.	3½ months.	Gradual Decay.
M. A. F.	54	1½ year.	7¾ years.	General Paralysis. Fluid beneath Cerebral membranes and in the Ventricles.
A. L.	60	unknown.	15½ years.	Diarrhea with Erysipelas of the Face.
E.	49	1½ years.	2¼ years.	General Paralysis. Fluid beneath Cerebral membranes and in the Ventricles. Hypertrophy of the Heart.
S. D.	40	1 week.	1 month.	Fever. Small vomicae and congestion of Right Lung.
C. W.	33	3 years.	2 years.	Phthisis. Numerous Vomicae of the Lungs.
E. B.	26	22 years.	3¾ years.	Phthisis. Numerous Vomicae of the Lungs.
E. A.	41	1 year.	16 days.	Fever.
S. K.	54	8 years.	7 years.	Apoplexy. (Inquest.) Venous congestion of the Brain and Lungs.
H. A.	60	many years.	13 years.	Gradual Decay. Fluid beneath Cerebral membranes & in the Ventricles.
E. Y.	47	3 months.	23 days.	Hæmoptysis. Vomicae of the Lungs.
E. C.	70	6 months.	15 days.	Gradual Decay.
M. H.	60	3 months.	55 days.	General Paralysis.
E. D.	50	20 years.	3½ years.	Cancer of the Breast. Brain anæmic and very tough.
E. M.	29	12 days.	25 days.	Phthisis. Tubercular consolidation with Vomicae of the Lungs.
A. H.	64	2 years.	44 days.	General Paralysis. Fluid beneath Cerebral membranes and in the Ventricles.
S. H.	53	4 days.	7 months.	General Paralysis.
E. J.	48	unknown.	4 years.	General Paralysis.
M. W.	66	6 months.	5¼ years.	Bronchitis.

Name.	Age.	Duration of Insanity.		Cause of Death.
		Prior to Admission.	Subsequent to Admission.	
W. J. W.	67	1 year.	7½ years.	Hypertrophy of the Heart.
H. E.	46	3 years.	5 months.	General Paralysis. Fluid beneath cerebral membranes & in the Ventricles. Emphysema of Lungs.
J. B.	36	3 months.	1¼ years.	General Paralysis. Brain tough. Ventricles distended.
G. T.	31	5 years.	8 years.	Exhaustion after Epilepsy. Venous congestion of the Brain and Lungs.
F. W.	50	4 months.	51 days.	General Paralysis.
W. P.	42	1 year.	1 year.	General Paralysis. Brain tough, membranes of opaque. Emphysema & Vomicae of the Lungs.
C. B.	81	6 months.	28 days.	Gradual Decay. Valvular disease of the Heart.
J. P.	35	34 years.	6½ months.	Pericarditis. Brain tough. convolutions flattened.
W. K.	32	8 years.	3 years.	Paralysis. Brain anæmic tough. Emphysema of the Lungs. Hypertrophy of the Heart.
Y. J. A.	21	21 years.	7 months.	Exhaustion after Epilepsy.
T. R.	49	unknown.	11 months.	General Paralysis. Cerebral membranes opaque. Ventricles distended. Hypertrophy of the Heart.
H. M.	38	1 month.	2¼ years.	General Paralysis. Fluid beneath Cerebral membranes. Ventricles distended. Emphysema of the Lungs.
J. S.	66	several years.	3 months.	Epilepsy & Paralysis. Fluid beneath Cerebral membranes in the Ventricles. Hypertrophy of the Heart.
T. P.	35	unknown.	4½ years.	General Paralysis. Brain tough. Fluid beneath Cerebral membranes and in the Ventricles.
G. D.	40	29 years.	6 years.	Exhaustion after Epilepsy.
J. W. S.	71	3 months.	7 months.	Gradual Decay.
W. W.	50	3 years.	7¼ years.	Exhaustion after Epilepsy.
T. W.	69	24 years.	14½ years.	Gradual Decay. Hypertrophy of the Heart. Emphysema of the Lungs.
W. F.	81	8 days.	1 year.	Gradual Decay. Hypertrophy of the Heart. Emphysema of the Lungs.
E. H.	40	1 week.	3 years.	General Paralysis with Epilepsy. Venous congestion of the Brain.
R. D. G.	65	2 months.	4½ years.	Bronchitis.
J. P.	59	1 month.	4 years.	Inflammation of the Bowels.
J. S.	71	6 months.	8 months.	Bronchitis.
J. L.	40	6 months.	14 days.	Fever.
I. S.	60	unknown.	14½ years.	Gradual Decay. Tumour of the Brain.
H. H. C.	19	10 years.	9½ years.	Exhaustion and Bedsores 3 weeks after Fracture of the Femur. Epilepsy.
A. T.	40	1 year.	3½ months.	General Paralysis.
J. B.	49	several months.	2 years.	General Paralysis.
J. C.	56	1 week.	17 days.	Apoplexy. Congestion of the Brain and Lungs.
H. B.	29	many years.	2 years.	General Paralysis with Epilepsy. Fluid beneath Cerebral membranes in the Ventricles.
F. P.	18	18 years.	9 months.	Exhaustion after Epilepsy.
W. Y.	48	unknown.	2½ years.	General Paralysis. Cerebral membranes thickened. Hypertrophy of the Heart.
J. F.	62	many years.	12½ years.	Diarrhæa. Ulceration of the Colon. Hypertrophy of the Heart. Ventricles of the Brain distended.
J. P.	39	2 years.	20 days.	General Paralysis. Arterial congestion of the Brain. Hypertrophy of the Heart.
W. H.	85	1 month.	5½ months.	Gradual Decay.
J. G.	43	1 month.	1 year.	General Paralysis. Cerebral membranes thickened. Ventricles distended.
P. C.	68	3 weeks.	7 days.	Anæmia. Age and Gradual Decay. Brain tough. Hypertrophy of the Heart.
E. L.	41	1 year.	1½ years.	General Paralysis.

LITTLEMORE ASYLUM.

ACCOUNT

OF THE

RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

BY THE TREASURER

For the Year ending 31st December 1862.

RECEIPTS.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance of last year's account in the Treasurer's hands				1928	12	8
Ditto in the House Steward's hands				89	18	2
1. FROM SALE OF:—						
Produce of Garden, (ex- clusive of the consump- tion in the House.)	52	19	10			
Live Stock (ditto)	110	8	2			
Kitchen Stuff	124	18	9			
Old Stores	1	16	3			
				290	3	0
2. FOR MAINTENANCE OF PATIENTS from Unions and Parishes in Oxford- shire and Berkshire.						
Abingdon Union	683	17	8			
Banbury Union	*1060	13	6			
Bicester Union	530	0	11			
Brackley Union	62	14				
Bradfield Union	572	8	8			
Chipping Norton Union	532	19	11			
Cookham Union	424	2	8			
Easthampstead Union	166	10	2			
Faringdon Union	385	19	8			
Headington Union	594	5	11			
Henley Union	660	4	7			
Hungerford Union	446	9	1			
Newbury Union	707	10	4			
Oxford Union	1030	12	9			
Oxford (Christ Church)	24	18	10			
Carried forward	7883	8	8	2308	13	10

* This Sum includes arrears of 1861.

RECEIPTS.			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward			7883	8	8	2308	13	10
Reading Union			1029	15	10			
Thame Union			333	15	4			
Wallingford Union			595	2	8			
Wantage Union			518	19				
Windsor Union			647	2	4			
Witney Union			924	9	9			
Wokingham Union			650	5	7			
Woodstock Union			452	16	8			
Wycombe Union			147	13	7			
County of Oxford			83	2	3			
County of Berks			81	9	9			
Borough of Reading			24	18	10			
Borough of Windsor			24	18	10			
						13397	19	1
From other Unions.								
Cheltenham Union			15	11	2			
Cirencester Union			6	17	2			
Spalding Union			15	11	2			
Wycombe Union			17	15	4			
						55	14	10
N.B. The Weekly charge for Maintenance was, Nine Shillings and nine-pence for the first quarter, and Nine Shillings and six-pence for the remainder of the year.								
EXTRA CHARGES.								
Admissions, Removals, &c.								
Abingdon Union			7	0	1			
Banbury Union			2	11				
Bicester Union			2	6				
Bradfield Union			3	8				
Chipping Norton Union			4	18	10			
Cookham Union			4	8				
Faringdon Union			6	4	4			
Headington Union			3	11				
Henley Union			3	8				
Hungerford Union				17				
Newbury Union			5	19				
Oxford Union			6	16				
Reading Union			2	11				
Wallingford Union				12	6			
Wantage Union			2	6	6			
Windsor Union			3	12	10			
Witney Union			4	16				
Wokingham Union				12	6			
Wycombe Union			2	13				
						68	11	7
						£15830 19 4		

PAYMENTS.

29

	1st Quarter 31st March.	2nd Quarter 30th June.	3rd Quarter 30th Sept.	4th Quarter 31st Dec.	For the Year.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
I. SALARIES AND WAGES.					
(1.) Establishment.					
Officers:—					
Superintendent	112 10 0	112 10 0	112 10 0	112 10 0	450 0 0
Medical Assistant	25 0 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	25 0 0	100 0 0
Chaplain	45 0 0	45 0 0	45 0 0	45 0 0	180 0 0
Clerk of the Visitors.....	31 10 0	31 10 0	31 10 0	31 10 0	126 0 0
Treasurer	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	120 0 0
Auditor.....	12 10 0	12 10 0	12 10 0	12 10 0	50 0 0
Clerk of the Asylum	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	30 0 0	120 0 0
Housekeeper.....	8 15 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	38 15 0
Attendants:—					
Head Male Attendant	10 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	40 0 0
Ditto Female ditto	7 10 0	8 4 6	6 5 0	6 5 0	28 4 6
A Gratuity to ditto	10 0 0				10 0 0
Head Female Laundry ditto ..	6 5 0	6 5 0	6 5 0	6 5 0	25 0 0
Eleven Male Attendants for part of the year, [3 at £25, 3 at £23 and 5 at £20]	52 6 8	56 3 4	60 15 1	61 0 0	230 5 1
Four Female Attendants as Nurses to the Male Infirmary for part of the year, at 8/9 per week each	17 17 6	17 13 9	17 1 3	17 1 3	69 13 9
Fifteen Female Attendants for part of the year, (3 at £18, 3 at £16 and 9 at £14)	57 17 4	51 11 2	55 14 6	57 2 8	222 5 8
Two Male Night Attendants at 14/ per week each	18 4 0	18 4 0	18 4 0	18 4 0	72 16 0
Three Female Night Attendants for part of the year, (1 at £18, 1 at £16 and 1 at 8/9 per week	8 0 0	8 18 9	9 6 3	8 10 0	34 15 0
Servants:—					
In-door—					
Porter	6 5 0	6 5 0	6 5 0	6 5 0	25 0 0
Cook.....	4 0 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	17 10 0
Kitchen Maid	3 10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	15 10 0
Two House Maids (1 at £14 and 1 at £10)	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	24 0 0
Four Laundry Maids for part of the year, (1 at £16, 1 at £14, 1 at £12 and 1 at £10)	13 0 0	13 0 0	10 8 11	9 0 0	45 8 11
Out-door:—					
Fireman at 16/- per week and extra time	10 17 6	10 16 0	11 2 3	10 17 6	43 13 3
Three Stokers for part of the year, (1 at 15s, 1 at 14s and 1 at 13/6 per week and extra time)	29 8 0	29 3 3	28 15 2	20 19 4	108 5 9
	526 6 0	517 4 9	521 2 5	542 9 9	
At a cost per head per week of	0 1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ 16	0 1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ 31	0 1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ 67	0 1 8 29	
The cost for the whole year is	0 1 7 $\frac{3}{4}$ 01	per head per week.			
				Carried forward	2,107 2 11

PAYMENTS.

30

	First Quarter 31st March.	Second Quarter 30th June.	Third Quarter 30th Sep.	Fourth Quarter 31st Dec.	For the Year.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward					2,107 2 11
(2.) PROVISIONS (see table of comparative prices <i>post.</i>)					
Bacon	360 lbs. 68/-	272 lbs. 65/-	367 lbs. 72/-	279 lbs. 66/-	8 4 5
Beer	4 barrels 32/-	6 barrels 32/-	6 barrels 32/-	8 barrels 32/-	12 16 0
Ditto	158 ditto 22/-	158 ditto 22/-	156 ditto 22/-	163 ditto 22/-	179 6 0
Bread in 4lb loaves	11,890 loaves 6½d.	11,730 loaves 5¾d.	11,850 loaves 5½d.	12,130 loaves 5½d.	277 19 7
Butter (salt)	1,715 lbs. 112/-	1,824 lbs. 114/-	1,485 lbs. 97/-	1,921 lbs. 102/-	87 9 6
Ditto (fresh)	338 lbs.	338 lbs.	338 lbs.	338 lbs.	23 8 0
Cheese	475 lbs. 72/-	441 lbs. 64/-	388 lbs. 65/-	431 lbs. 76/-	14 12 6
Ditto	2,487¼ lbs. 58/-	2,530¼ lbs. 58/-	2,433½ lbs. 56/-	2,057½ lbs. 56/-	66 8 9
Currants .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	2 16 0
Eggs	2,820	2,400	2,820	2,880	13 16 0
Flour	38 sacks 44/-	37 sacks 43/-	35 sacks 40/-	30 sacks at 39/-	70 4 0
Meat. Sides of Mutton	15,862 lbs. 6½d.	17,421 lbs. 6¼d.	19,494 lbs. 6¼d.	16,175 lbs. 5¾d.	387 10 6¼
Prime Joints	726 lbs. 7½d.	1,471 lbs. 7½d.	2,080¼ lbs. 7½d.	1,595 lbs. 7¼d.	48 3 7¾
Lamb .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	2 4 0
Sides of Beef	4,676 lbs. 6d.	2,535 lbs. 6¼d.	.. ..	3,322 lbs. 5¾d.	79 11 9
Boned Beef	137 lbs. 5d.	277 lbs. 5d.	348½ lbs. 4½d.	388 lbs. 4½d.	7 5 6
Beef Suet	665 lbs. 7d.	610 lbs. 7d.	425 lbs. 5d.	460 lbs. 5d.	9 11 8
Mutton Suet	665 lbs. 6d.	610 lbs. 6d.	785 lbs. 4½d.	900 lbs. 5d.	18 15 0
Shins of Beef .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	0 18 0
Milk	1,514 gallons 7¼d.	1,638 gallons 7½d.	1,638 gallons 7½d.	1,728 gallons 7½d.	54 0 0
Raisins .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	3 5 4
Rice	1,036 lbs. 18/9	1,176 lbs. 18/-	1,316 lbs. 17/6	1,372 lbs. 17/-	10 8 3
Sugar (loaf)	84 lbs. 54/-	84 lbs. 54/-	96 lbs. 52/6	84 lbs. 53/-	1 19 9
Ditto (moist)	336 lbs. 43/-	448 lbs. 43/-	336 lbs. 42/-	448 lbs. 40/-	8 0 0
Ditto (ditto)	2,240 lbs. 40/-	2,240 lbs. 40/6	2,352 lbs. 39/-	2,352 lbs. 37/6	39 7 6
Tea	145 lbs. 36/-	145 lbs. 3/6	140 lbs. 3/6	140 lbs. 3/6	24 10 0
Ditto	290 lbs. 3/-	290 lbs. 3/-	295 lbs. 3/-	295 lbs. 3/-	44 5 0
Tobacco and Snuff .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	17 14 7
Treacle .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	4 0 9½
Vinegar, Salt, Mustard and Pepper .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	8 9 10
Miscellaneous (Arrowroot) ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	20 2 11½
	1,607 6 6½	1,589 0 10½	1,526 15 11	1,547 4 10	6,270 8 2
At a cost per head per week of .....	.. ..	per head per week.	.. ..	.. ..	0 4 9½80
The cost for the whole year is .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
(3.) WINE, SPIRITS AND PORTER—					
Wine and Spirits .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	15 6 0
Porter .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	3 6 3
	14 12 6	12 4 6	14 18 6	18 12 3	60 7 9
At a cost per head per week of .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	0 0 0½77
The cost for the whole year is .....	.. ..	per head per week.	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
	0 0 0½17	0 0 0½35	0 0 0½25	0 0 0½77	.. ..
	0 0 0½26				
Carried forward					£8,437 18 10

PAYMENTS.

31

	First Quarter 31st March.	Second Quarter 30th June.	Third Quarter 30th Sept.	Fourth Quarter. 31st Dec.	For the Year.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward					8437 18 10
(4.) NECESSARIES. (Fuel, Lighting and Washing):—					
Candles (composite)	48 lbs. 13/-	2 12 0	.. ..	48 lbs. 12/-	2 12 0
Ditto (dips)	447 lbs. 6/-	11 3 6	153 lbs. 5/6	432 lbs. 5/9	10 7 0
Cartage of Coke .....	.. ..	13 9 6	.. ..	.. ..	11 8 8
Chimney Sweep .....	.. ..	1 5 0	.. ..	.. ..	1 5 0
Coal (Best Pinxton hard) .....	.. ..	.. ..	150 tons 19/-	.. ..	.. ..
Ditto (Best Offerton hard) .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Coke	115 tons 10/-	57 10 0	113 tons 10/-	14½ tons 18/-	13 7 4
Hearth Stones .....	.. ..	2 8 0	.. ..	98 tons 10/-	49 0 0
House Cloths .....	.. ..	6 15 1	.. ..	.. ..	2 8 0
Holly .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	6 13 4
Lamp Cottons .....	.. ..	5 18 0	.. ..	.. ..	1 0 0
Lamp Glasses .....	.. ..	4 1 0	.. ..	.. ..	4 14 6
Musicians .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	4 7 0
Oil (Southern)	212¼ gallons 3/3½d.	34 18 7½	54 gallons 3/3½d.	.. ..	3 0 0
Ditto (Sperm)	27½ ditto 8/-	11 0 0	.. ..	477¾ gallons 3/10	91 11 4
Ditto (Colza)	27 ditto 4/2	5 12 6	13 gallons 4/3	26 gallons 8/-	10 8 0
Ditto (Sweet) .....	.. ..	5 2 0	.. ..	28 gallons 4/6	6 6 0
Soap (yellow)	3,360 lbs. 34/6	51 15 0	3,584 lbs. 32/6	.. ..	.. ..
Ditto (soft)	320 lbs. 14/-	3 10 0	384 lbs. 14/-	3,808 lbs. 33/-	56 2 0
Soda	1,885 lbs. 5/1½d.	4 6 4	1,423 lbs. 5/3	384 lbs. 15/6	4 13 0
Starch and Blue .....	.. ..	2 3 6	.. ..	1,649 lbs. 5/6	4 1 1
Washerwoman, Charwoman and Knife Cleaner .....	.. ..	2 17 0	.. ..	.. ..	2 12 9
Hire of a Horse to pump water .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	12 19 1
Wood .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	0 19 6
Miscellaneous (Blacking, &c.) .....	.. ..	2 8 8	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
	228 15 8½	336 9 0	610 16 9	301 4 11	1477 6 4½
At a cost per head per week of	0 0 8¼97	0 1 0½93	0 1 11 21	0 0 11 93	
The cost for the whole year is	0 1 1¼51	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
(5.) SURGERY AND DISPENSARY.					
Drugs	14 3 6	12 0 6	.. ..	14 0 7	
Leeches .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	0 12 6	
Surgical Instruments .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	5 8 0	
	14 3 6	12 0 6	0 0 0	20 1 1	46 5 1
At a cost per head per week of	0 0 0½10	0 0 0¼82	0 0 0	0 0 0½99	
The cost for the whole year is	0 0 0¼72	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Carried forward					£9961 10 3½

PAYMENTS.

32

	First Quarter 31st March.	Second Quarter 30th June.	Third Quarter 30th Sept.	Fourth Quarter 31st Dec.	For the Year
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward					9961 10 3½
(6.) CLOTHING.					
Boots, Shoes and Slippers ...	...	...	...	...	161 15 0
Buttons	8 5 11	...	...	...	3 0 9
Calico (colored print) .....	...	855½ yards 5½d.	18 5 4	...	...
Ditto (blue print) .....	...	786½ ditto 4½d.	15 11 4	...	...
Ditto (shirting) .....	...	842½ ditto 3½d.	11 8 2	...	...
Ditto (ditto stout) .....	...	1704½ ditto 4½d.	30 3 8½	...	...
Ditto (unbleached) .....	...	329½ ditto 3½d.	4 9 2½	...	...
Ditto (ditto stout) .....	...	1,775 ditto 4½d.	30 10 2	...	...
Cloth (mens' grey woollen)...	551¾ yards 6/-	106½ yards 6/-	31 19 0	...	...
Ditto (ditto steel tweed) .....	...	115 yards 7/-	40 5 0	...	...
Ditto (ditto brown tweed) .....	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto, for a suit of clothes ...	3 12 9	...	...	...	...
Cotton (knitting)	3 6 8	...	...	...	...
Ditto (reel)	12 2 6	...	...	...	2 2 0
Ditto (mending) .....	...	...	...	...	...
Forfar (stout) .....	...	547 yards 6d.	13 13 6	...	...
Ditto (towelling) .....	...	425 ditto 5½d.	9 5 11	...	...
Ditto (wrapping)	0 16 6	...	1 18 8	0 4 0	...
Flannel (Welsh) .....	...	382½ ditto 11½d.	17 18 7½	...	...
Gingham .....	...	210 ditto 5½d.	5 2 10	...	...
Handkerchiefs (mens') .....	...	24 dozen 2/7½d.	3 3 0	...	...
Ditto (womens') .....	...	19 ditto 2/5½d.	2 6 8½	...	...
Hats (felt)	8 2 0	...	...	8 2 0	8 14 0
Laces (boot)	1 10 0	...	...	1 10 0	...
Ditto (stay)	3 10 6	...	...	...	2 7 0
Leather and Materials for Shoes	...	...	47 18 8	41 17 11	...
Linen Check .....	...	448½ yards 8½d.	15 8 4	...	...
Linen Stripe .....	...	105 ditto 8½d.	3 12 2	...	...
Neckerchiefs (mens') .....	...	73 dozen 3/10	13 19 10	...	...
Stays .....	...	12 ditto	11 0 6	...	...
Stockings (mens' worsted) ..	...	24 ditto 19/2	23 0 0	...	...
Ditto (mens' cotton) ...	...	12 ditto 9/11	5 19 0	...	...
Ditto (womens' cotton) .	...	18 ditto 6/5	5 15 6	...	...
Shoemaker	22 12 3	...	15 3 0	17 10 3	22 13 0
Tailor	27 2 0	...	27 2 0	26 11 0	26 19 0
Tape (brown)	6 10 6	...	...	...	...
Ditto (white)	6 8 9	...	1 17 6	...	...
Womens' Clogs .....	...	...	...	...	2 17 0
Worsted	4 19 3	...	...	...	1 5 0
Thread, Needles, &c	19 3 10	...	...	...	8 14 0
	293 13 11		406 17 8	95 15 2	240 6 9
At a cost per head per week of	0 0 10¾61	...	0 1 3¼60	0 0 3¼45	0 0 8¼85
The cost for the whole year	6 0 9½87	...	...	...	...
Carried forward					£10,998 3 9½

	1st Quarter. 31st March.	2nd Quarter 30th June.	3rd Quarter. 30th Sept.	4th Quarter. 31st Dec.	For the Year.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward					10,998 3 9½
7. FURNITURE.					
Baskets .....	.. ..	1 7 0	13 7 7	... ..
Blankets .....	... ..	.. ..	80 10 0	... ..
Bed Frames	20 14 0	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Canvas	3 3 9	.. ..	3 4 6	3 5 0	
Chairs (repaired) .....	.. ..	... ..	.. ..	0 4 6	
Chamber Ware of Gutta Percha	19 19 0	.. ..	19 19 0	... ..
Clothes Line	2 3 0	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Coals Scuttles	3 0 0	.. ..	.. ..	3 0 0	
Combs, Brushes, and Scissors..	6 0 0	5 17 0	7 16 0	6 5 0	
Crockery	18 16 5	.. ..	8 1 2	7 6 5	
Culinary Utensils, Brushes and					
Mops, &c.	16 14 3	18 3 0	19 1 0	13 15 6	
Cutlery Repairs	0 8 0	0 2 11	.. ..	0 12 8	
Dowls for Sheets .....	.. ..	66 11 8½	.. ..	.. ..
Funeral Expences of E. B. ....	.. ..	4 4 0	... ..	.. ..
Huckaback for Towels .....	.. ..	3 13 8	.. ..	.. ..
Horse-hair for Mattresses	34 1 8	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
India-rubber Bed supporters ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	18 19 0	
Knives and Forks.....	.. ..	.. ..	3 3 0	.. ..
Lamps and Lanterns .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	5 3 6	
Mats .....	.. ..	.. ..	5 2 0	4 10 0	
Pails .....	.. ..	.. ..	4 4 0	.. ..
Razor-strops .....	.. ..	.. ..	1 8 6	.. ..
Rugs (woollen) .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	16 1 9	
Sackings	3 0 0	.. ..	3 0 0	3 0 0	
Scrim cloth for pillows .....	.. ..	7 6 3	.. ..	.. ..
Shoe Brushes .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	4 4 0	
Skittles .....	.. ..	1 17 3	.. ..	.. ..
Spectacles .....	.. ..	.. ..	2 16 0	.. ..
Sponge	3 17 0	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Ticking for mattresses and					
coverlids .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	44 7 6	
Tin Vegetable Dishes	2 16 0	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Ward Whistles .....	.. ..	1 4 0	.. ..	.. ..
	134 13 1	110 6 9½	171 12 9	130 14 10	547 7 5½
At a cost per head per week of.....	0 0 4½99	0 0 4 70	0 0 6½91	0 0 4½50	
The cost for the whole year is	0 0 5 52	per head	per week.		
8. FUNERAL AND EXTRA CHARGES.					
Funeral Fees, Tolling Bell, &c.	2 5 0	4 10 0	2 0 6	2 9 6	
Coffins	9 9 0	5 5 0	10 10 0	6 6 0	
Shrouds	5 4 7	.. ..	... ..	... ..
Payments to Patients on Trial	1 0 0	3 0 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	
Travelling Expences of Patients					
Home .....	.. ..	0 10 0	.. ..	0 13 4	
Patients, Medical Certificates					
&c. on Admission .....	.. ..	1 1 0	.. ..	0 17 0	
Expences of removal of Patients	.. ..	3 0 1	2 13 0	.. ..
	17 18 7	17 6 1	16 3 6	11 5 10	62 14 0
9. PATIENTS IN OTHER ASYLUMS.					
For Maintenance of Patients in					
Stone Asylum (Bucks)...	190 2 6	209 5 9	222 6 0	205 1 2	
For Ditto in the Bethnal Green					
Asylum (London) .....	.. ..	78 8 0	121 5 6	155 4 0	
	190 2 6	287 13 9	343 11 6	360 5 2	1,181 12 11

	1st Quarter. 31st March.	2nd Quarter. 30th June.	3rd Quarter. 30th Sept.	4th Quarter. 21st Dec.	For the Year.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward					12789 18 2
10. REPAIRS.					
Clerk of the Works.....	13 13 0	13 13 0	13 13 0	14 14 0	
Carpenter	12 18 4	13 0 0	12 19 2	12 19 2	
Mason	15 8 0	15 5 3	13 15 0	14 14 3	
Labourers	9 2 6	8 14 0	8 6 6	9 8 6	
	51 1 10	50 12 3	48 13 8	51 15 11	202 3 8
At a cost per head per week of.....	0 0 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ 58	0 0 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ 66	0 0 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ 34	0 0 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ 72	
The cost for the whole year is	0 0 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ 57	per head per week.			
11. GARDEN EXPENSES.					
Gardener	13 0 0	13 0 0	13 0 0	13 0 0	
Labourers	39 3 0	39 3 0	39 4 6	38 18 6	
Seeds.. ..	2 14 3	.. ..	.. ..	1 7 0	
Tools	8 6 0	7 0 2	.. ..	1 4 0	
Payments on Live Stock account	18 3	0 12 3	0 17 6	0 13 0	
Straw, Beans, Barley, &c.	26 6 0	26 11 0	29 16 0	38 2 0	
	90 7 6	86 6 5	82 18 0	93 4 6	352 16 5
At a cost per head per week of.....	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ 42	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ 06	0 0 3 51	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ 90	
The cost for the whole year is	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ 22	per head per week.			
12. RATES, TAXES AND INSURANCE.					
Insurance	16 7 9	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Rates and Taxes	15 0	1 18 11	1 13 11	5 16 6	
	17 2 9	1 18 11	1 13 11	5 16 6	26 12 1
At a cost per head per week of.....	0 0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 54	0 0 029	0 0 025	0 0 086	
The cost for the whole year is.....	0 0 098	per head per week.			
13. MISCELLANEOUS.					
Advertisements, Printing, Post- age and Stationery	76 12 0	39 19 5	21 16 0	61 3 10	
Carriage of Parcels	2 1 5	0 3 0	0 19 2	0 12 10	
Escape Expenses .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	1 2 0	
Expenses of enquiry at Faring- don Workhouse .....	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	2 6 8	
Expenses of enquiry at Stone and Bethnal Green Asylums..	1 5 0	.. ..	.. ..	4 5 0	
Conveyance of Patients to other Asylums .....	.. ..	21 18 6	2 4 2	9 13 0	
	79 18 5	62 0 11	24 19 4	79 3 4	246 2 0
At a cost per head per week of.....	0 0 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ 86	0 0 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ 39	0 0 0 $\frac{3}{4}$ 76	0 0 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ 80	
The cost of the whole year is	0 0 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ 20	per head per week.			
Cash in the hands of House Steward ..					105 8 0
Balance in the hands of Treasurer....					2107 19 0
					£15,830 19 4

	1st Quarter 31st March.		2nd Quarter 30th June.		3rd Quarter 30th Sept.		4th Quarter 31st Dec.		The Year.	
Salaries and Wages - - -	s. 1	d. $7\frac{1}{2}$, 16	s. 1	d. $7\frac{1}{2}$, 31	s. 1	d. $7\frac{1}{2}$, 67	s. 1	d. 8, 92	s. 1	d. $7\frac{3}{4}$, 01
Provisions - - -	4	$11\frac{1}{2}$, 71	5	, 58	4	$9\frac{1}{2}$, 49	4	$9\frac{1}{2}$, 80	4	$10\frac{3}{4}$, 14
Wine, Spirits & Porter -		$1\frac{1}{2}$, 17		$1\frac{1}{4}$, 85		$1\frac{1}{2}$, 25		$1\frac{1}{2}$, 77		$1\frac{1}{2}$, 26
Necessaries - - -		$8\frac{1}{4}$, 97	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$, 93	1	11, 21		11, 93	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$, 51
Surgery and Dispensary -		$1\frac{1}{2}$, 10		$1\frac{1}{4}$, 82				$1\frac{1}{2}$, 99		$1\frac{1}{4}$, 72
Clothing - - -		$10\frac{3}{4}$, 61	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$, 60		$1\frac{1}{2}$, 45		$8\frac{3}{4}$, 85		$9\frac{1}{2}$, 87
Furniture - - -		$4\frac{3}{4}$, 99		4, 70		$6\frac{1}{4}$, 91		$4\frac{3}{4}$, 50		5, 52
Repairs - - -		$1\frac{3}{4}$, 58		$1\frac{3}{4}$, 66		$1\frac{3}{4}$, 34		$1\frac{3}{4}$, 72		$1\frac{3}{4}$, 57
Garden Expenses - - -		$3\frac{1}{4}$, 42		$3\frac{1}{4}$, 06		3, 51		$3\frac{1}{4}$, 90		$3\frac{1}{4}$, 22
Rates, Taxes and Insurance -		$1\frac{1}{2}$, 54		, 29		, 25		, 86		, 98
Miscellaneous - - -		$2\frac{3}{4}$, 86		$2\frac{1}{4}$, 39		$\frac{3}{4}$, 76		$2\frac{3}{4}$, 80		$2\frac{1}{4}$, 20
Less Receipts from Sale of Produce, Labor &c. -	9	$5\frac{1}{2}$, 11 $1\frac{1}{2}$, 84	10	$0\frac{1}{2}$, 19 $4\frac{1}{4}$, 24	9	$8\frac{3}{4}$, 84 $2\frac{1}{2}$, 24	9	5, 04 $2\frac{1}{4}$, 28	9	8, 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$, 90
Total - - -	9	$3\frac{3}{4}$, 27	9	8, 95	9	$6\frac{1}{4}$, 60	9	$2\frac{1}{2}$, 76	9	$5\frac{1}{4}$, 10
Average number of Patients		502		487		483		489		490
Aggregate Days of Residence		45,248		44,385		44,514		45,049		179,196

BALANCE SHEET 1862.

[illegible]

COMPARATIVE PRICES OF PROVISIONS, &c.

	1861.						1862.						1863.		
	Fourth Quarter.			First Quarter.			Second Quarter.			Third Quarter.			Fourth Quarter.		
	Price.	Contractor.		Price.	Contractors.		Price.	Contractor.		Price.	Contractor.		Price.	Contractor.	
BREAD, at per 4lb. Loaf ..	5 $\frac{3}{4}$ d.	Loosley.		6 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.	Cox.		5 $\frac{7}{8}$ d.	Cox.		5 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	Cox.		5d.	Keeley.	
BUTTER, (Salt) at per cwt.	104/-	Grimbly & Co.		112/-	Underhill.		114/-	Grimbly & Co.		97/-	Grimbly & Co.		106/-	Dickey.	
FLOUR, at per Sack	42/-	Martin.		44/-	Martin.		43/-	Martin.		40/-	Martin.		37/-	Martin.	
MEAT, at per lb.	6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	Alden.		6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	Alden.		6 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.	Alden.		6 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.	Jessop.		6 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.	Alden.	
MILK, at per Gallon	9 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	Mundy		7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	Allin.		7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	Allin.		7 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	Allin.		7d.	Allin.	
RICE, at per Cwt.	18/6	Grimbly & Co		18/9	Grimbly & Co.		18/-	Grimbly & Co.		17/6	Dickey.		17/6	Grimbly & Co.	
COAL, (Langton Hard) at per Ton	"	"		"	"		19/-	Watson.		18/6	Watson.		"	"	
SOAP, (Yellow) at per Cwt.	32/6	Dickey.		34/6	Grimbly & Co.		32/6	Dickey.		43/-	Dickey.		33/-	Dickey.	

CLOTHING.

Made in the Asylum in 1862.

BY THE TAILOR AND MALE PATIENTS.

Mattresses, (ticking) re-made..	117
Pillows, ditto	131
Jackets, cloth	187
Waistcoats, ditto	176
Trowsers, ditto	371
Drawers, linen	12
Frocks, ditto	30
Cloth Caps	24
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	1048

BY WARD ATTENDANTS AND
FEMALE PATIENTS.

Coverlids (ticking)	21
Ditto re-made	78
Mattresses, (ticking)	31
Ditto re-made	273
Pillows, (ticking).....	36
Ditto re-made	88
Ditto, Epileptic	45
Ditto remade	47
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	619

Brought forward

Sheets	327
Pillowcases	212
Ditto Epileptic	190
Aprons	302
Bonnets (sun)	108
Caps (women)	177
Caps (mens' knit night)	84
Drawers, (flannel)	68
Chemises	516
Ditto (flannel)	36
Frock, (smock)	146
Gowns, (print).....	122
Ditto, (linen)	18
Ditto, (ticking)	8
Neckerchiefs, (hemmed).....	1148
Petticoats.....	136
Shirts	462
Ditto, (flannel).....	104
Stockings, (knitted).....	29
Shawls	64
Bath towels	197
Chamber towels	48
Table cloths	37
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	5158

ESTIMATED ACCOUNT OF VEGETABLES AND LIVE STOCK.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
To Store January				By Consumption			
1st 1862	197	10	0	of 1862	244	7	6
Vegetable Pro-				Sales of 1862	52	19	10
duce of 1862	306	17	4	Store December			
				31st 1862	207	0	0
	£504	7	4		£504	7	4

Excess of Produce over Consumption £62 9 10

<i>Outlay.</i>	£	s.	d.	<i>Produce.</i>	£	s.	d.
To Live Stock at				By Vegetables	306	17	4
the beginning of				Sale of Live			
the year	72	6	0	Stock	110	8	2
Seeds, Labour				Value of ditto			
and Tools	229	0	5	consumed	120	9	9
Payments on Live				Live Stock on			
Stock Account	3	1	0	hand, at the			
Straw, Beans,				end of year	74	12	0
Barley &c.	120	15	0				
					612	7	3
					425	2	5
	£425	2	5	Balance in favor			
				of Produce	£187	4	10

J. J. ANDREWS

House Steward and Clerk of the Asylum.

